



Operational HWRF Modeling System -2021

A Collaborating effort between MoES-NOAA
IMD, NCMRWF, INCOIS and EMC

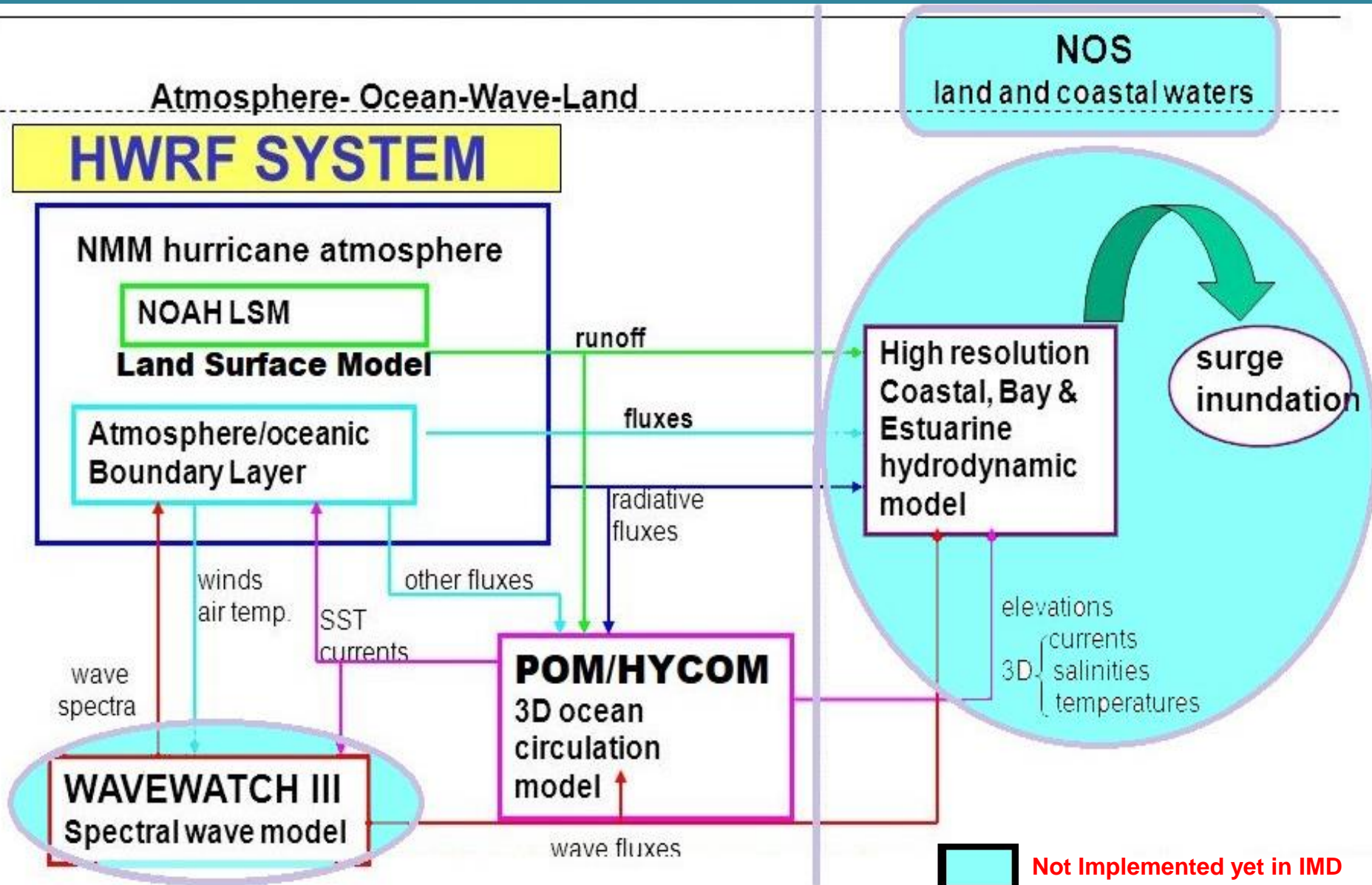
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Progress in HWRF Modeling System

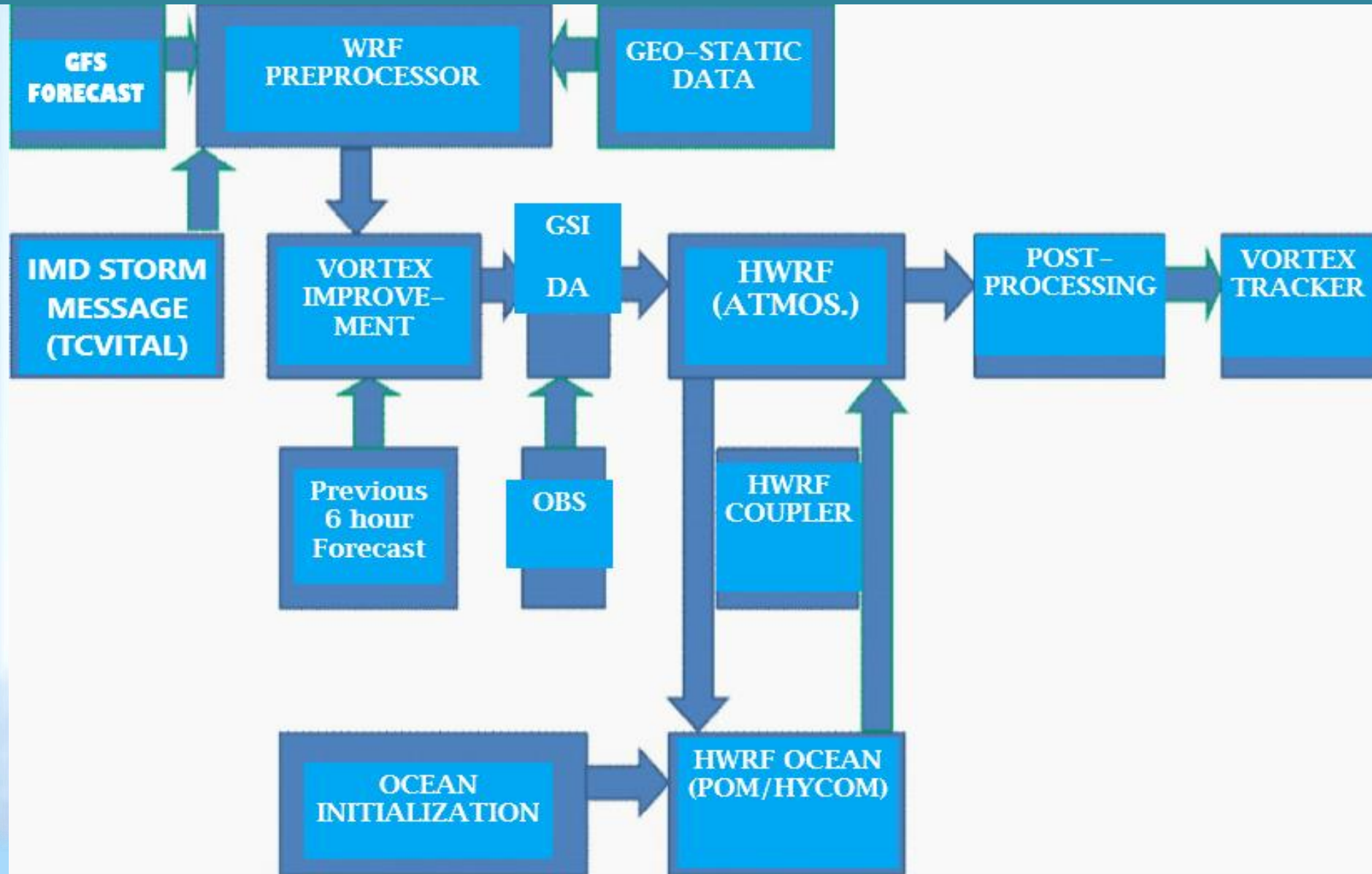
Years	Domain Configuration	Data Assimilation	Ocean Coupling
2019	Triple nest (18x6x2 km) with enhanced domain size 4 times a day	GSI (hybrid-EnVar) assimilation (80 members) with 6 hourly cycle in cycling mode	Coupled with HYCOM model + NCEP coupler – Ocean initial state from RTOFS (regional HYCOM) of INCOIS
2017-2018	Triple nest (18x6x2 km) 4 times a day	GSI (hybrid-EnVar) assimilation with 6 hourly cycle in cycling mode	Coupled with POM model + NCEP coupler
2012 to 2016	Starting from Double nests (27 x 9 km) twice a day To Triple nests (18x6x2 km) 4 times a day	GSI (3DVAR) assimilation without cycling (cold start mode) To GSI (3DVAR) assimilation with 6 hourly cycle in cycling mode	No ocean coupling



HWRF Coupled Modeling System



HWRF Modeling System with GSI Data Assimilation

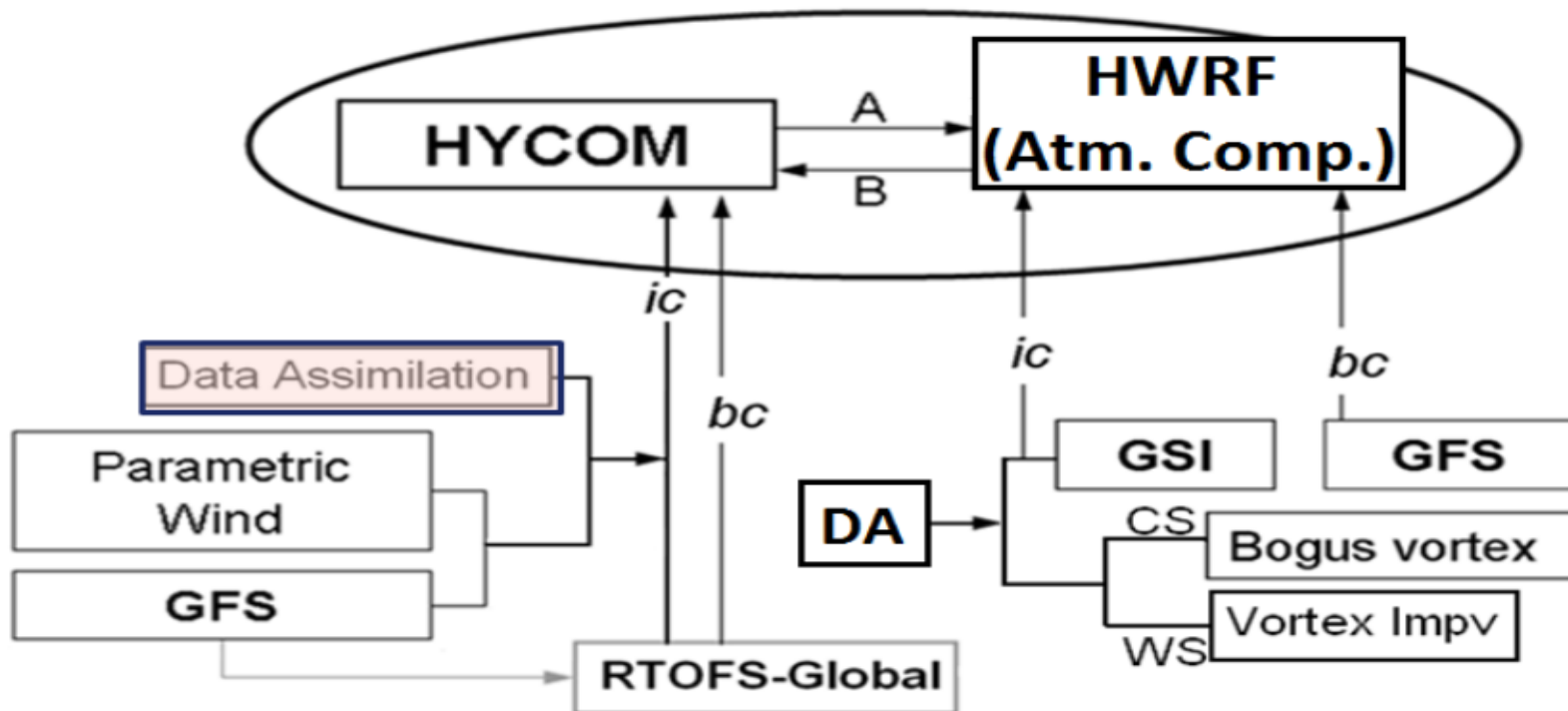


HWRF Operational Configuration

Domain-Parent	Center:- Storm Center Size:- 80° X 80° Grid Spacing:- 18 Km Grid Points:-288 X 576
Intermediate Nest (Moving)	Center:- Storm Center Size:- 24° X 24° Grid Spacing:-06 Km Grid Points:-265 X 532
Inner Most Nest (Moving)	Center:-Storm Center Size:- 7° X 7° Grid Spacing:- 02 Km Grid Points:- 235 X 472
Map Projection	Rotated Latitude and Longitude
Vertical Levels In Hybrid Pressure Sigma Coordinates	61
Top Boundary	10 Hpa
Cloud-Microphysics	Ferrier-Aligo Cloud Microphysics
Radiation	Rapid Radiative Transfer Model For General Circulation Models (RRTMG)
Surface Layer Physics	Modified Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL) Surface Layer
Surface Flux Calculation	The Monin-Obukhov
Represent The Land Surface	The Noah Land Surface Model
Planetary Boundary Layer	Global Forecasting System (GFS) Eddy-Diffusivity Mass Flux
Cumulus Parametrization	Scale-Aware Arakawa-Schubert



Ocean Coupling



A: sea surface temperature (SST)

B: 1. Precipitation

2. Atmospheric pressure

3. Heat fluxes – Sensible, latent, total and net shortwave radiation

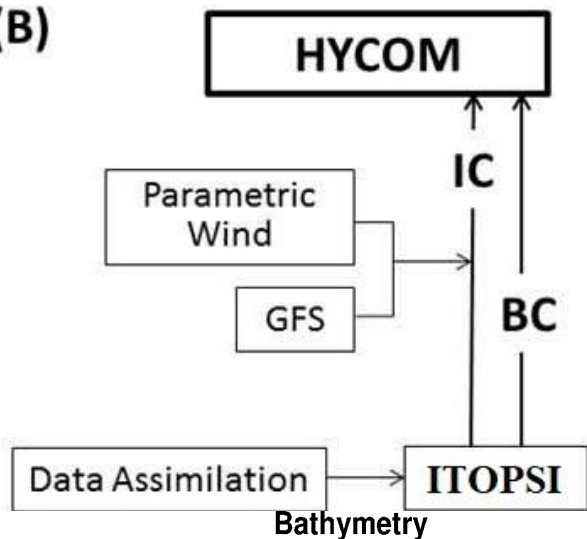
4. Wind stress



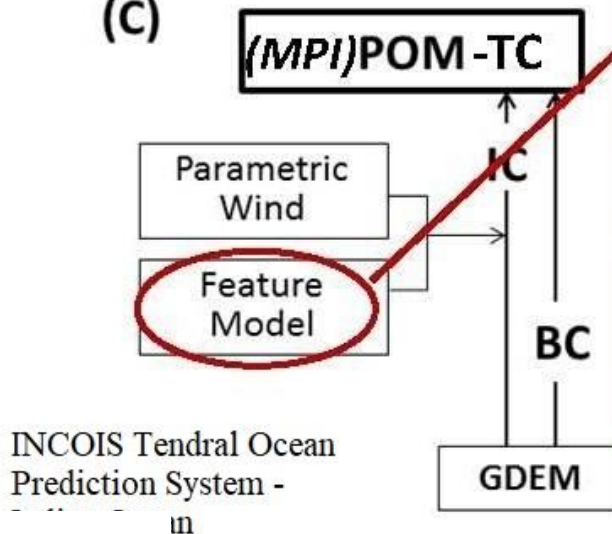
Ocean Coupling

3D ocean:

(B)



(C)



GDEM monthly climatology
Sharpen eddies & currents
Use daily NCEP SST
↓
SST held constant, 48-h
geostrophic adjustment
↓
Cold wake generated by
parametric winds using
NHC message file
↓
Model coupling performed

(Generalized Digital
Environmental Model)

INCOIS Tendral Ocean
Prediction System -

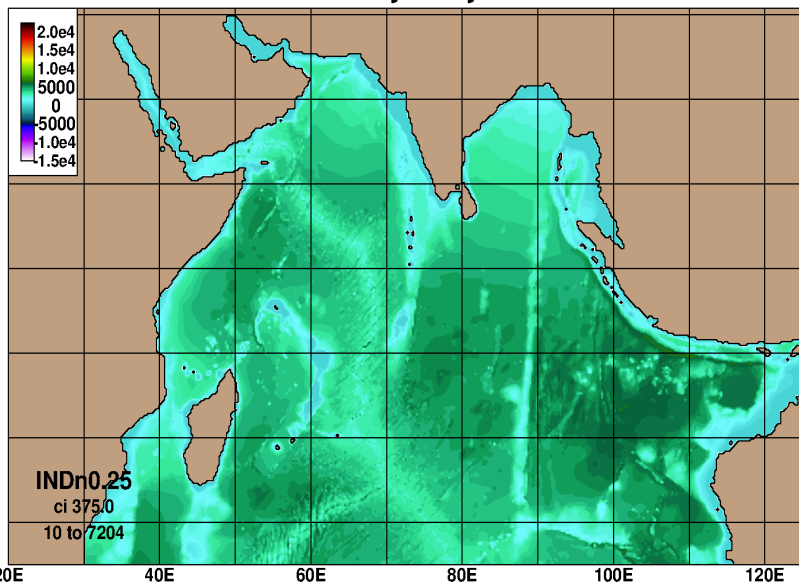
in

POM:

- $dx/dy=9\text{km}$
- 40 levels
- Coarse resolution of MLD
- 10 m (top), 20 m (2nd), ...
- M-Y mixing

INCOIS Tendral Ocean Prediction
System over Indian Ocean (ITOPSI)

eddy-permitting



Ocean Coupling

	POM	HYCOM
Dynamics & Configurations	Hydrostatic, free-surface, primitive equations on C grid	
	1/12-degree	
	Rectangular Projection	Mercator Projection
	40 vertical sigma level	41 vertical Hybrid isopycnal-Z levels
Mixing Physics	Mellor-Yamada 2.5 closure	KPP (K-Profile Parameterization)
Initialization	Monthly GDEM3 Climatology + daily NCEP SST + Feature Model	6 hourly HYCOM analysis from INCOIS-RTOFS
Lateral Boundary	Adjusted T/S fields	6 hourly 2D and 3D INCOIS-RTOFS forecasts

Following files are provided by INCOIS for HYCOM run:-

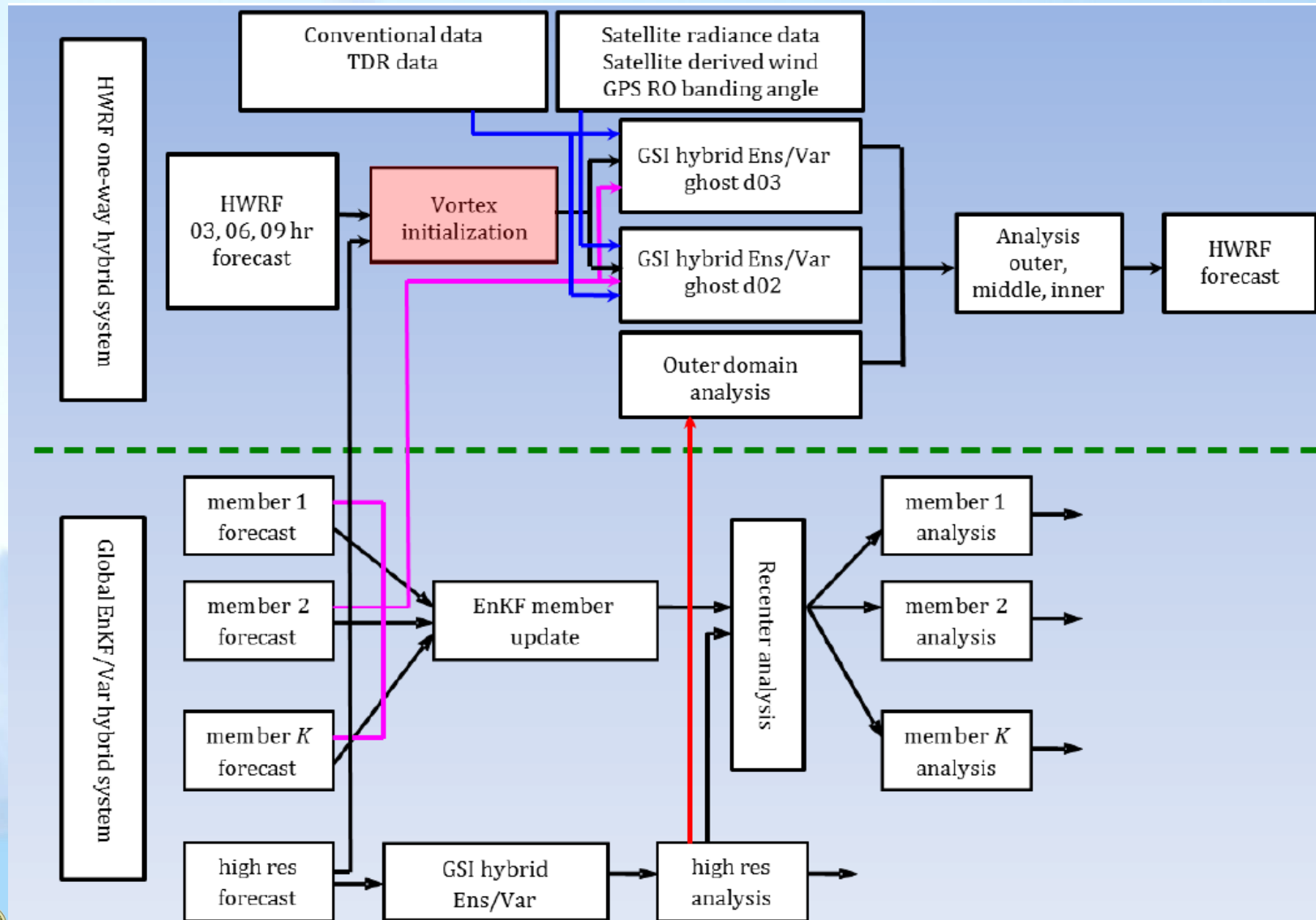
1. **RestartFiles** - rtofs_glo.t00z.n00.restart.b/*a
2. **archv Files** - rtofs_glo.t00z.n00.archv.b/*a (n-24 through <all forecast hours> every 6 hours)
3. **archs Files** - rtofs_glo.t00z.n00.archs.b/*a (n-21 through <all orecast hours> every 6 hours)

*.a Binary data files , *.b ASCII files describing *.a binary files.

INCOIS data files size in a single cycle for 4 days forecast is 11 GB.



HWRF-GSI Data Assimilation



Forecast verification of Cyclones: 2019

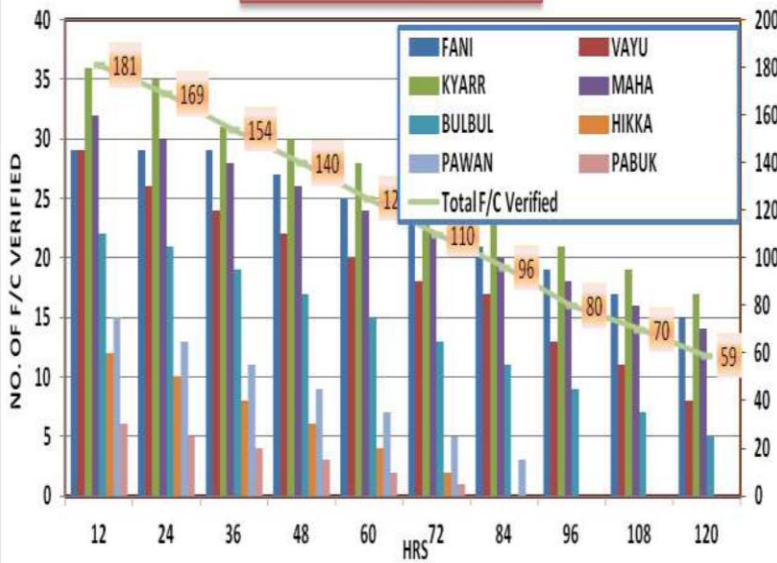
Pre-Monsoon Season – 2019 :

- 1. CS-PABUK
- 2. ESCS-FANI
- 3. VSCS-VAYU

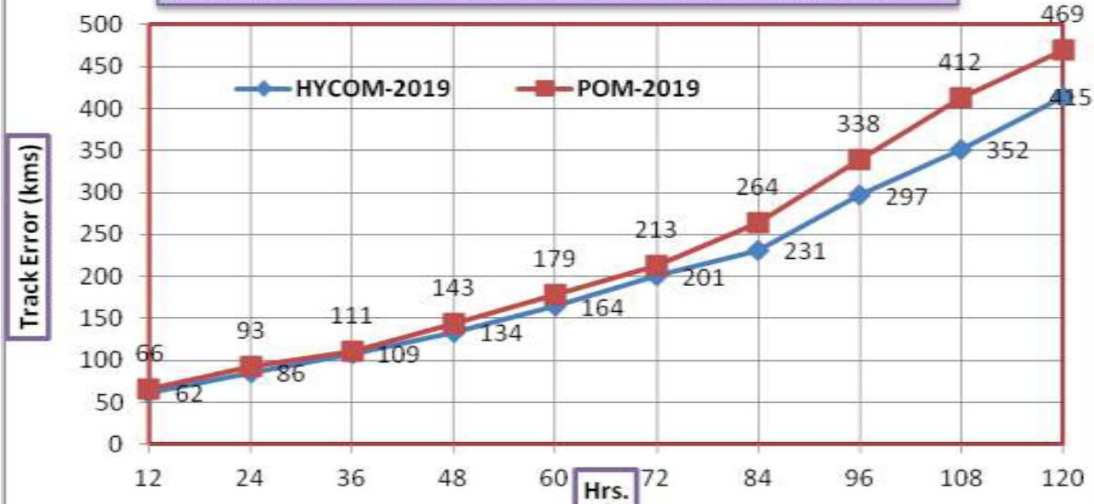
Post-Monsoon Season : - 2019 :

- 4. VSCS-HIKKA
- 5. SUPER-CS-KYARR
- 6. ESCS-MAHA
- 7. VSCS-BULBUL
- 8. CS-PAWAN

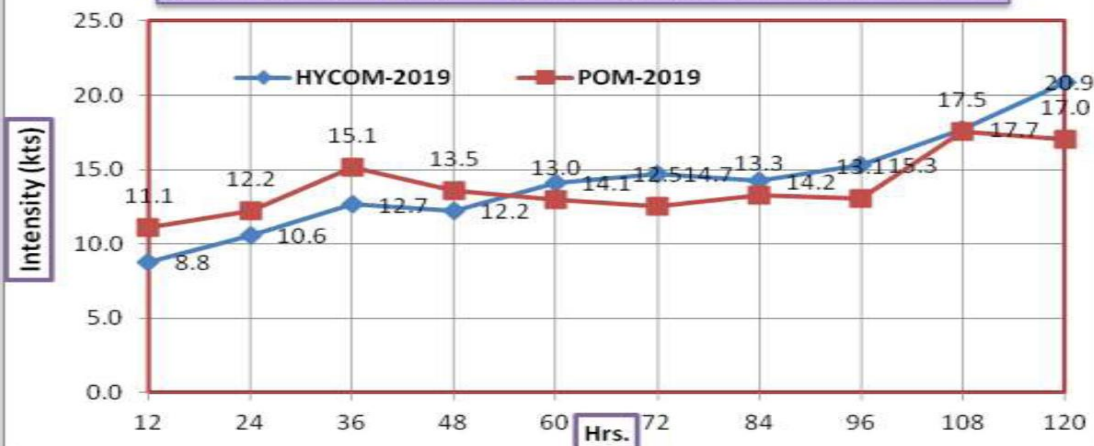
HWRF FORECAST VERIFIED -2019



HWRF Track Error Comparison (HYCOM-POM; Year-2019)

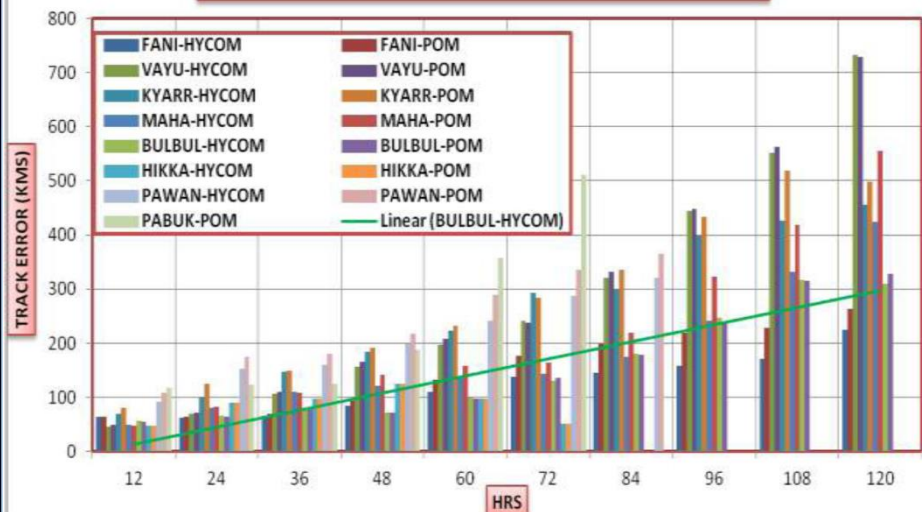


HWRF Intensity Error Comparison (HYCOM-POM; Year-2019)

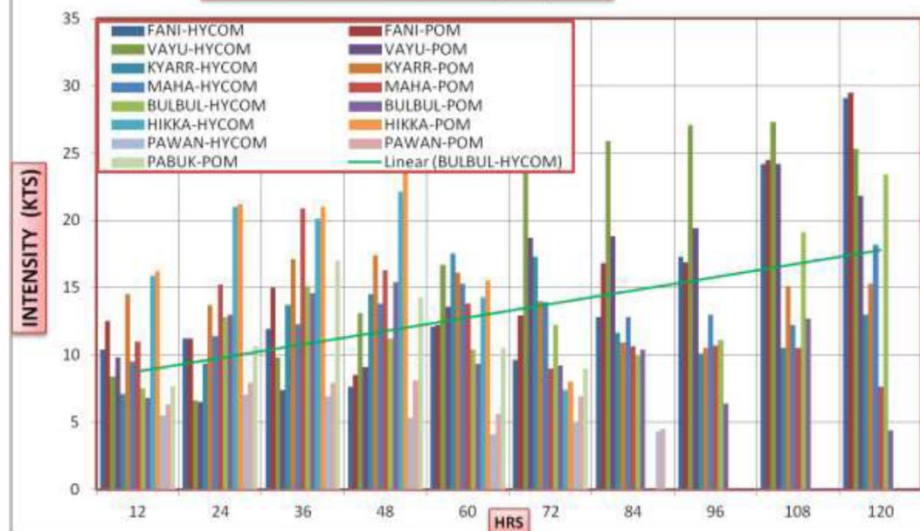


Forecast verification of Cyclones: 2019

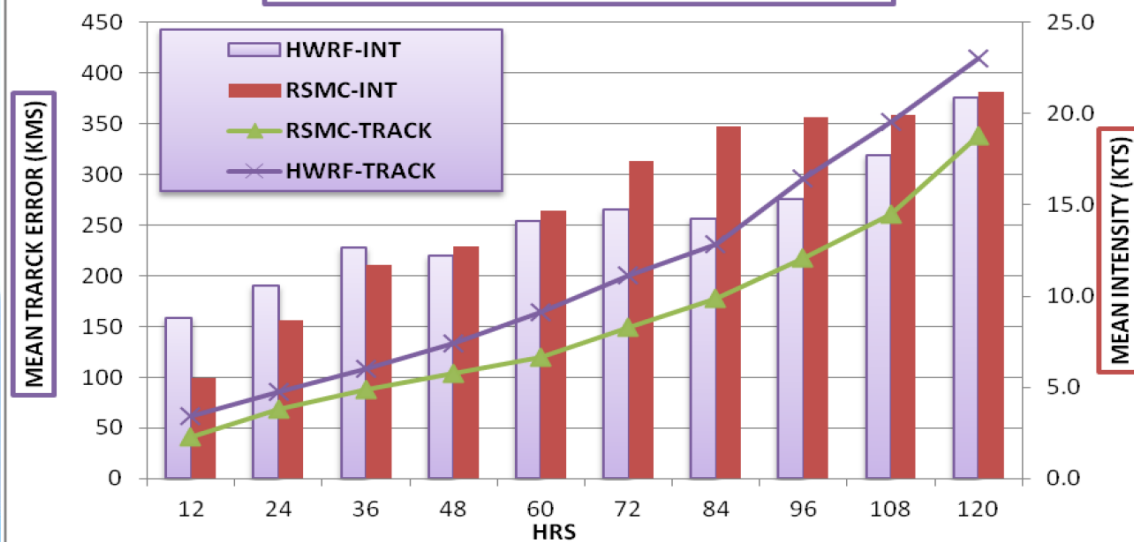
HWRF MEAN TRACK ERRORS(KMS) - 2019



HWRF MEAN INTENSITY ERRORS(KMS) - 2019



HWRF-RSMC-OPR-2019 (TRK & INT COMPARISON)



A Few Points for Operational HWRF-HYCOM Modeling System

Atmospheric Model:

- Initialization for weaker storm (without any TCVITAL information)
- Improvement in rainfall prediction (rainfall over land region)
- *Improvement in intensity prediction (reduction of overestimation)*
- *Physics to represent land-air-sea interactions at high-resolution*

Atmospheric Data Assimilation:

- Start of cycling well ahead of the system to become cyclone
- Emphasis on non-conventional observations (i.e. radar radial wind, reflectivity and satellite radiances)
- *Instead of global rather use of regional ensemble perturbations for EnVar*

Ocean Coupling:

- Use of IMD-GFS for regional ITOPSI of HYCOM model at INCOIS
- HYCOM coupling with HWRF well ahead of the system to become cyclone
- *Effective coupling with shorter time interval preferably at every cycle*



THANK YOU



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